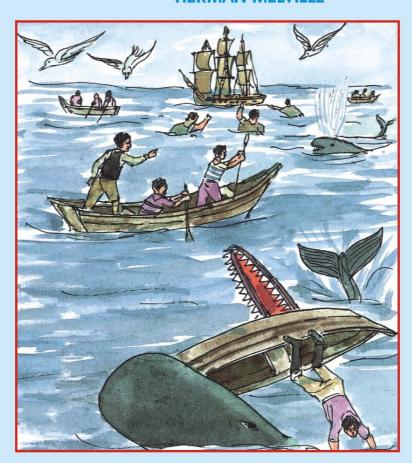
BOOK INFO

<u>Subject</u>	Classics To Remember
<u>Title:</u>	MOBY DICK
Author:	Herman Melville
Pages:	72
Size:	12.50 X 20 cm
Printing:	4 Colour
Binding:	C/B
<u>Ist Edition:</u>	2003
<u>Latest Edition:</u>	2003
ISBN:	978-969-584-051-1
Price:	Rs. 245.00

Classics to Remember

Moby Dick

HERMAN MELVILLE



BOOK CENTRE

Lahore Pakistan

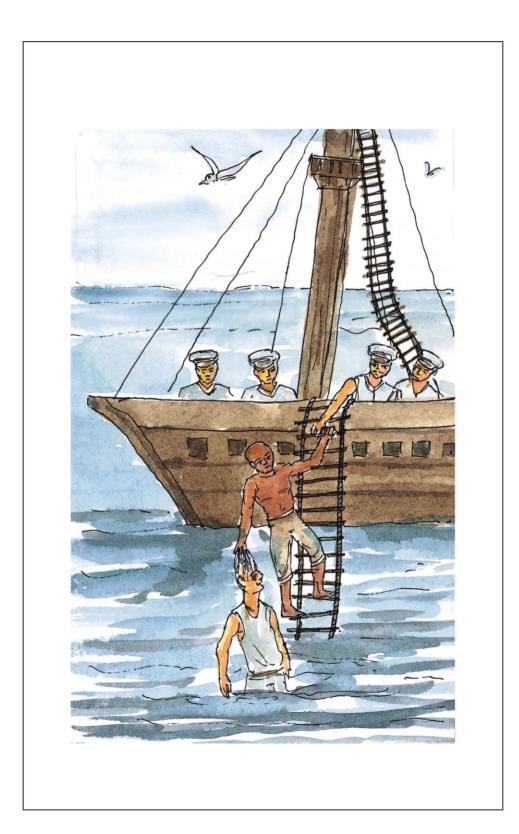
Man Overboard

The Pequod was now in the Japanese whaling grounds, close to where Moby Dick might be found. The seas were calm, too calm. The men were uneasy, especially when they heard an unearthly wailing at night, like the cries of dying men.

One morning the lookout fell from his post high up on the mast. Before we could get to the man, he sank below the surface of the sea. We threw the lifebuoy after him. But for some reason, this lifebuoy filled with water and went down right after the sailor; as if to provide him a pillow at the bottom of the ocean. Fear of approaching bad luck went through us all. But at the same time, the naked form of Queequeg, with a sword in his hand, dived into the sea. Everybody on-board the ship rushed to his side. With our hearts beating fast we were counting every ripple that rose in the water.

Suddenly, Queequeg appeared with one arm thrust upward and holding the sailor's hair in another hand.

lookout person etc., stationed to keep watch.
lifebuoy a life belt. ripple a gentle wave.



Questions and Exercises

CHAPTERS 6 - 8

- 6. After The Whale Was Killed.
- 7. The Sperm Whale And The Right Whale.
- 8. Man Overboard.

I. Comprehension:

- 1. What is 'blubber'? What purpose does it serve?
- 2. Why did Ahab want to kill a Right Whale?
- 3. How are 'Right Whales' different from 'Sperm Whales'?
- 4. How did Queequeg save the lookout who fell into the sea?

II. Vocabulary:

- (a) Give two meanings of each word: image, drill, plot
- (b) Make two sentences of each word, according to their different meanings.

III. Language:

Complete the following sentences by changing the words in brackets into possessive phrases. Be careful to insert the apostrophe in the correct place.

- 1. Everyone admired (the hat belonging to Sally).
- 2. We plan to take a trip (lasting a week) to the hills.
- 3. We enjoyed watching the match (that was played yesterday).

QUESTIONS AND EXERCISES

- 4. Mother changed the sheet of the cot (belonging to the baby).
- 5. The siren (belonging to the ship) could be heard for miles.

